

PROJECT PERFORMANCE REPORT

February – June 2018

Project title:	Energy and Environment Management Project (EEMP)
Budget Year:	2018
Situation(s):	1122 Somalia Situation
Operation:	Kenya
Population Planning Group(s):	Mainly Somali refugees and Asylum Seekers
Goal(s):	Protection and pending solutions
Cost Centre(s):	Dadaab (12083)
Partner Code:	1142039
Submitting Partner Name:	Relief reconstruction and Development organization (RRDO)
Reporting Period:	1 st January 2018 to 30 th June 2018
Date of Report:	15-07-2018

1.0 PROJECT OVERVIEW

1.1 Project statement

The main objective of Energy, Environment and Host Community (EEHC) project is to offer support towards provision of basic energy needs to refugees and consolidate basic social services to host community in Dadaab Sub County, which is the main refugee hosting community in Dadaab. The project is formulated based on recognition that the host community lacks quality basic services such as access to health, education and clean water and the refugees live in degraded natural environment that is not conducive and this has posed health related risks. Specifically, schools in the wider Dadaab region have inadequate facilities such as classrooms, accommodation for students and teachers, laboratories and libraries. Lack of sanitation facilities has subjected household to health risks such as cholera outbreaks which is currently being experienced. On the other hand, the Refugees have limited access to domestic cooking and lighting energy. As a result, they venture into the natural environment either to cut live trees as firewood or burn charcoal as a source of income. This has led to widespread environmental degradation and conflicts with host community. This project will address these issues by enhancing access to the basic educational infrastructure, sanitation facilities, energy and enhance overall environmental management and protection.

1.2 Operational context

In 2018-19, Kenya will continue to be amongst the largest refugee populations in Africa and one of the top ten hosts in the world, despite the anticipated decline in the refugee population by over 22% by the end of the planning period. The deadline for closure of Dadaab established by the GOK in November 2016 has led to major re-orientation of the refugee operation since 2016. The GOK has maintained that returns will be conducted in a safe and humane manner and tripartite engagement initiated in December 2014 continues. UNHCR is also working closely with the National Multi-Agency Refugee Repatriation Team (NMARRT), which was established by the Government to oversee the camp closure process. The IGAD summit in March 2017 shifted the focus from a narrow national approach to the protracted Somali refugee crisis to a comprehensive regional one. It emphasised commitments on delivering durable solutions in countries of asylum and reinforced efforts to enhance stabilization and recovery in Somalia. The Action Plan agreed upon at the IGAD Summit

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builds on last September's New York Declaration, including the Comprehensive Refugee Response Framework.

1.3 Problem(s), Objective(s) and Intended Impact

Dadaab Sub County is one of the least developed parts of the country where socio-economic infrastructure and services such as schools, health centers, portable drinking water, latrines, roads, industries and marketing facilities are neither developed nor adequately available. Majority of children are not able to access schools. Even for those who have access, facilities are grossly inadequate. Despite the milestones achieved towards attaining Universal primary education, Garissa County still faces a number of challenges; some of them have significantly thwarted the possibilities of improving access and quality of education. The critical factors hindering the attainments of the targets include: poverty and the high cost of education as a result of uncontrolled latent user charges introduced at school level, retrogressive socio-cultural practices that specifically impact on the girl child, less conducive learning environment due to schools that are not child-friendly, insecurity, religious values, early marriages, low opinion of women and a lack of priority in education have greatly affected access and participation in basic school education. School related factors have also inhibited enrolment and participation in education in North Eastern Kenya (*Orodho, 2014*). As a result, 88% of the population has no education at all, only 8% have primary education while mere 5% have secondary education (*Garissa baseline assessment 2011*). Lack of adequate teacher's accommodation is a serious gap in the sub county. Teachers walk as far as over 5kms to seek for accommodation. This hinders their motivation and concentration at work. Coupled with insecurity for the last 5 years, some teachers have even decided to leave the region for fear of being attacked.

Sanitation and health access is one other serious challenge in the sub county. According to a study conducted by ACF 2011, it was found out that latrine coverage for Fafi and Dadaab was at 42%, posing a high risk of direct exposure to excreta and high chance of contamination of water sources leading to disease and outbreaks. Garissa was one of the counties where there was cholera outbreak in July and November 2017. It was reported that transmission in camp settings occurred mainly within Garissa and Turkana counties, accounting for around 23% of the total reported cases. Both counties host big refugee camps, namely Dadaab and Kakuma refugee camps.

Cooking fuel provision in Dadaab has provided households with less than 5% of annual needs, causing families to venture outside the camp in search of firewood and shelter material. This scenario has contributed to the destruction of the environment which is evident around the refugee camps. Currently over 2,000 ha of degraded land require rehabilitation both around the camps as well as host community areas. The degraded environment coupled with winds lead to dust storms that are a health hazard. According the previously ACF study, 37% of the ailments affecting host community are respiratory diseases. This has also been reported in the camps. Part of the Sectoral objectives according to the Garissa County Integrated Development Plan (CIDP, 2013) which is now under review was to facilitate good governance in the protection, restoration, conservation, development and management of the environment and natural resources for equitable and sustainable development. Specifically increase forest cover from 2% to 2.5% through a forestation and rehabilitate 600,000 Ha of land degraded by the refugees in Dadaab, Fafi and Lagdera. Forest cover is to be increased through establishing tree nurseries, a forestation; promoting environmental education, public awareness and participation in pursuit of sustainable development; deployment of forest guards; control overgrazing and soil erosion; restrict charcoal burning, protection of existing forests in collaboration with communities.

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This project therefore aims to address the above challenges by addressing the following main goals.

1. To improve sustainable energy access to the refugees
2. To rehabilitate degraded land around the refugee camps
3. To improve educational facilities within the schools around Dadaab host community

The envisaged impacts of this project are as follows;

Improvement of key facilities such education, water and sanitation, enhance the condition of health, and overall well being of host communities and thus enhance peaceful co-existence with the refugee community and humanitarian workers in the area. Specifically, educational performance will increase due to improved quality educational delivery by teachers. Sanitation facilities will avert the current crisis of disease outbreaks through access and use of latrines. Energy and environmental initiatives will improve environmental conditions and reduce cases of respiratory diseases among the refugees and host communities.

2.0 POPULATION OF CONCERN/OTHER SUPPORTED ENTITIES

2.1 Project's Population of Concern

In Dadaab refugee complex, the project targets mainly Somali refugees and asylum seekers most of whom have been living in Dadaab refugee camp for the last 23 years under the humanitarian support of UNHCR and other international and national agencies. It has been the norm for the last 23 years to have maintenance and care operations where the highest population is from Somalia as a result of civil war and recurrent droughts. Currently, the refugee population in all the camps stands at 238,617 (UNHCR 2017) who all require basic needs such as shelter, water, food, health, education, energy and clean ecological set up. With the current reduction in donor funding and the subsequent decline in the amount of food rations, shelter materials as well as other basic needs received by the persons of concern, over reliance on the already degraded environment for charcoal burning, fire wood collection and selling of poles for cash to substitute and cover up the short fall will be witnessed. Although, the exercise is ongoing, the population statistics will not be drastically reduced. However, with the current goal of peaceful and voluntary repatriation of persons of concern, population reduction is expected if all other factors remain constant. The host community population stands at 192,500 according to 2009 census report.

2.2 Demographic Data

The refugee population in Dadaab refugee camps stands at 238,617 as at October 2017 with 155,275 (65.1%) residing in Ifo 1, Ifo 2 and Dagahaley camps. The table below shows the population statistics of the three mentioned and targeted camps.

Population Planning Group:		Somali Refugees and Asylum seekers				
Sub-group (if applicable):						
Age Group	Male		Female		Total	
	in numbers	in %	in numbers	in %	in numbers	in %
0-4	13,003	8.4	12,485	8.0	25,488	16.4
5-11	19,884	12.8	19,073	12.3	38,957	25.1
12-17	14,692	9.5	13,106	8.4	27,798	17.9
18-59	26,333	17.0	31,370	20.2	57,703	37.2
60 and >	2,628	1.7	2,701	1.7	5,329	3.4
Total:	76,540	49.3	78,735	50.7	155,275	100%

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Major Sites: Ifo 1, Ifo 2 and Dagahaley

Source: UNHCR

The Dadaab Host Community Population in 2017 was as shown in the table below. This has not changed much over 2018.

Name of Population Planning Group:			Dadaab Host Community			
Age Group	Male		Female		Total	
	in numbers	in %	in numbers	in %	in numbers	in %
0-4	19,616	56.3	15,226	43.7	34,842.0	18.1
5 - 11	29,412	53.8	25,258	46.2	54,670.0	28.4
12 - 17	13,561	54.2	12,619	48.2	26,180.0	13.6
18-59	33,937	48.7	35,748	51.3	69,685.0	36.2
60 and >	3,896	54.7	3,227	45.3	7,123.0	3.7
Total	102,744	54.4	89,756	46.6	192,500.0	100.0
Major Sites:			Dadaab Sub County			

Source: KNBS, County Development Planning Office

2.3 Other Supported Entities

There are no any changes in the supported entity as at the end of the reporting quarter.

3.0 IMPLEMENTATION ARRANGEMENTS

3.1 Implementation

<This section is mandatory. To be jointly developed by UNHCR with partner.>

RRDO is implementing this project in Dadaab refugee camps as well as the at the host community in a consultative way. RRDO has been recognized by the humanitarian community in Dadaab as a lead local agency in Environmental protection and has a well-developed network of relations with community leadership and authorities. This has enabled this agency to execute programs without a lot of hindrances.

Within this context, RRDO is working in close partnership and collaboration with government departments especially Kenya Forest Service (KFS) and National Environment Management Authority (NEMA) to address issues of environment degradation through community based schemes such as a re-forestation, conservation and protection of the indigenous natural resources. Through the existing government line ministries and departments, enforcement procedures will be articulated and managed. Similarly, community sensitization strategies on environmental protection will be upheld. RRDO has qualified staff that manages project activities at field level with support from UNHCR. All relevant departments such as the Procurement and Logistics Support, Finance, HR and Administration, are all field based thus enabling project activities to run smoothly.

The use of the concept of “Inclusive Community Based Targeting” to mobilize, sensitize and identify the community groups in environmental protection and tree planting exercise will be a way of monitoring the project activities thus enabling RRDO staff to effectively and efficiently attain project targets.

In performing the project activities, RRDO is paying special attention to UNHCR laid down guidelines and procedures. These will include adherence to policies on procurement, finance and property management. RRDO is also working closely with UNHCR to ensure all the activities are conducted within this framework.

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3.2 Implementation progress by activity

- **Maintain 3 tree nurseries in Dadaab, Ifo and Dagahaley camps with an annual production capacity of 150,000 seedlings.**

During the reporting period, production of seedlings continued in all the 3 nurseries in Dadaab, Ifo and Dagahaley.) Cumulatively, 68,000 seedlings have been produced for the period January- June 2018 as shown in the table below.

	Nursery Site			
Month	Ifo	Dagahaley	Dadaab	Total
February	4,500	4,000	4,200	12,700
March	4,800	4,500	4,300	13,600
April	4,700	4,500	4,300	13,500
May	5,000	4,900	4,600	14,500
June	4,700	4,600	4,400	13,700
Total	23,700	22,500	21,800	68,000

Table showing number of seedlings produced per month per nursery between February and June 2018



.Dagahaley Tree Nursery

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- **Distribute 150,000 seedlings to refugee and host community households, institutions and agency compounds**

Distribution and planting of seedlings was done over the reporting period. In total, 46,940 seedlings have been distributed for planting in various sites within the refugee camps and host community. The main refugee camps sites targeted were refugee household's blocks in Ifo1, Dagahaley and also the refugee camp institutions such as schools and hospitals as well as agency compounds. Host community sites targeted were settlements such as Kamuthe, Guurow, Abakhaile, Marothely and areas around Dadaab town such as Bulla Banan, Bulla DaiDai, Bula Iftin, Bulla Qorysey among others. Rains in the 1st quarter of the year were much enough for high survival rate though the experienced flooding that came along with the rains became a constraining factor to some degree. Some of the targeted sites were affected by the floods that almost made movement impossible and at a time that this activity would have taken more advantage of the season.

The distribution per month per site is as indicated in the table below;

	Distribution per location			
Month	Ifo	Dagahaley	Host Community	Total
February	3,000	2,750	3,090	8,840
March	3,300	3,450	3,020	9,770
April	3,400	3,070	3,140	9,610
May	3,150	3,010	3,080	9,240
June	3,200	3,250	3,030	9,480
Total	16,050	15,530	15,360	46,940

Table showing distribution of seedlings by site and month



Distribution of seedlings in refugee camps

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- **Maintain the 20 ha of green belt at IFO 2 ISSB Site**

The maintenance activities within the greenbelt include watering of seedlings in dry weather season, repairs of the watering supply systems, planting of vegetables, fruit trees and replacement of dead seedlings. This activity continued during the period under review.

- **Conduct 6 Location Environmental Committee Meetings**

Two Location Environment Committee meetings were held in both Ifo1 and Dagahaley camps. The meetings brought together refugees and agency representatives to share and sensitize stakeholders on the issues of environmental conservation and how to synergize each other on the same matter. During these meetings it was agreed that all stake holders (National and County Governments, Host and Refugee Communities, UNHCR and other Implementing Partners) should work together to ensure that rampant environmental destruction is minimized.

- **Commemoration of World Environment Day**

The 2018 world environment day was successfully organized and commemorated in Dadaab on 5th June 2018. There was wide participation in the event that included agencies, host and refugee communities. Main activities undertaken during this occasion included tree planting in various sites and cleaning of Dadaab town. Schools, Women and Youth groups, community members and local leadership actively participated in this event.

- **Procure and distribute 1,950 metric tons of firewood to 15,000 targeted households**

A total of 1,225 metric tons (MTs) of firewood was procured during the reporting Feb – June 2018 and delivered to Ifo1 and Dagahaley Firewood Distribution sites. 401.95 MTs were distributed to refugee public institutions and targeted groups in Ifo1 and Dagahaley refugee camps.



A truck carrying dead and dry firewood for distribution in Ifo1 refugee camp

Month	Ifo	Dagahaley	Total
May	275	75	350
June	425	450	875
Total	700	525	1,225

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During the 1st and 2nd quarter of the year, 305.4 metric tons of firewood was distributed to 5,084 targeted households in Ifo1 while 6.55 metric tons was distributed to Stove Production Unit (SPU) Dadaab, refugee public institutions in Ifo1 and Dagahaley refugee camps as indicated in the table below.

Institution	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June	Total
8 Ifo Primary Schools	0	0	0	0	0	4.05	4.05
7 Dagahaley Primary Schools	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	4.00
Ifo Hospital	0	0	0	3	5	0	8.00
Ifo2 Hospital	10	0	0	0	0	0	10.0
Dagahaley Hospital	3	3	3	2	3	3	17.0
DRC – Dagahaley	0	0	0	0	0	2	2.0
Save Haven	1.5	1.5	1.5	0	0	1.50	6.00
SPU	0	0	0	0	20	25	45.0
YEP	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0.50
Targeted Groups	0	0	0	0	0	305.4	305.40
Total	15	4.5	4.5	5	28	344.95	401.95

Distribution of firewood by quantity, month and site in metric tons



Firewood distribution in Ifo1 refugee camp

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Fabricate and Distribute 5,815 Energy Saving Stoves

All assorted materials for production of 5,815 Maendeleo Portable Stoves were successfully procured and delivered to the RRDO Stoves Production Unit (SPU) in Dadaab.



Deliveries of clay, red soils, white sand and tar drum sheets, at the RRDO Dadaab SPU

Maendeleo Portable Stoves Production

Production of stoves began in the second quarter of the project period and in total 1,200 Maendeleo Portable Stoves were produced between May to June, 2018

Energy Saving Stoves Distribution

Distribution of the produced stoves began as soon as the 1st batch of 600 Maendeleo Portable Stoves was completed. 600 stoves were delivered to FaIDA for further distribution in Hagadera Refugee Camp. The remaining 600 Maendeleo Portable Stove are designated for distribution to Dagahaley and Ifo1 Camps the soonest that beneficiary verified list is received from respective UNHCR Field Offices.

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Production of Maendeleo Portable Stoves at RRDO Dadaab Stoves Production Unit

Host Community Support Projects

The planned Host Community projects at the beginning of this year included classroom construction and furnishing works for 4 primary schools (Kamuthe, Bulla Nyanya and Labisigale) and 1 secondary school (Haji Idriss). Included also were construction and renovation works at Dadaab Secondary School.

Repairs for Kumahumato Primary School were not in the initial targeted Host Community projects at the beginning of the project period and therefore came about as a result of damage caused by strong rainy wind and floods in March 2018. Standard 7 and 8 classrooms roof was blown off and so was the school latrine which was completely damaged by the strong winds and floods. The Admin Block of the school was neither spared and a trail of damage was also recorded in the school's store dining hall and the main entrance gate.

RRDO in collaboration with community leaders and Dadaab Sub County administration undertook assessment and shared the findings and recommendations with UNHCR for technical advice and support. In consideration to bring back learning environment back to normalcy in the school, UNHCR has made swift facilitation to enable RRDO undertake construction of a new 4 stance latrine and carry out the required necessary repairs for standard 7-8 classroom block, Admin block, Store, Dining hall and the main entrance gate.

Host community projects for 2018 and their current status are as follows:

No	Description	Status
1	Renovate and upgrade Dadaab Secondary Dormitory to Staff Accommodation rooms	Contract has been awarded, site handed over to contractor and construction works has started
2	Renovate Deputy head teacher's accommodation unit and construct 2 units of 2 door Latrines and bathrooms at Dadaab Secondary	Contract has been awarded, site handed over to contractor and construction works has started
3	Construct and equip 2 classrooms at Kamuthe Village and install an elevated 5,000 litre water tank	Contract has been awarded, site handed over to contractor and construction work is schedule begin on 17 th July 18

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4	Construct 60 Latrines (40 at Alango and 20 at Labisigale Villages respectively)	There was a change of design after discussions between UNHCR Technical Unit and RRDO. Tenders have been floated and are expected to be finalized by late July 2018
5	Construct and equip 2 classrooms at Bulla Nyanya Village	Contract has been awarded, site handed over to contractor and construction work is scheduled to begin on 17 th July 18
6	Construct and equip a science Laboratory at Haji Idris Girls Secondary School	Contract has been awarded, site handed over to contractor and construction works has started
7	Construct and equip 1 classrooms at Labisigale	Tenders have been floated and are expected to be finalized by late July 2018
8	Construct 4 stance pit latrine and repair main entrance gate, Admin block/store/dining hall and Class 7-8 roof at Kumahumato Primary School.	<p>Construction of 4 stance pit latrine has been completed and repair works for the Admin block, Store, Dining hall and main entrance gate has as well been completed.</p> <p>Before the contractor could begin roofing repair works for standard 7-8 as contracted, a strong wind blew off the remaining portion of the roof causing extensive damage to the entire roofing structure thus making it technically difficult to carry on with the initial intended repairs. RRDO has since shared with UNHCR technical Unit a situation report and a variation adjustment request for the additional damage for advice on possible way forward.</p>



The damaged roof of Kumahumato Primary School standard 7 & 8 classroom block

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Front view of the new constructed 4 stance latrine at Kumahumato Primary school



Rear view of the new constructed 4 stance latrine at Kumahumato Primary school

3.2 Risk Management

There was delay in rolling out the implementation work plan for the planned Host Community and Firewood procurement.

In regard to Host Community Projects, RRDO did not have a technical officer on board who could facilitate to develop and avail architectural designs, drawings and BOQs at the start of project period. This gap has previously has been well bridged up by UNHCR technical unit and for very good reasons this service was not available this time round. With financial support from UNHCR, RRDO has now been able to bring on board a technical officer who has filled this gap. Remedial plans have been put in place to fast tracking on lost implementation time for the host community projects.

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On firewood procurement, the unexpected heavy rains and floods made transportation of firewood to delivery sites impossible. This scenario negatively impacted on the activity of firewood procurement as planned but RRDO has since meant remedial arrangement with firewood gatherers and transporters to ensure that the lost delivery time is recovered since when the rains subsided.

3.3 Coordination

Coordination mechanisms continued well throughout 1st and the 2nd quarter and are anticipated to continue. Planning has been jointly done between RRDO, host community and the beneficiaries. Discussion and consultative meetings have also been held between RRDO and UNHCR. This coordination is expected to continue throughout the project period graced with joint project monitoring.

4.0 RELATED INPUTS AND PROJECTS

4.1 Partner

N/A

4.2 Other Parties

N/A

5.0 UNHCR PROVIDED SUPORT

UNHCR has provided adequate coordination, technical and financial support towards project implementation. Consultation/coordination meetings were convened on a timely and continuous basis. Installment payment was done as well. Procurement process and analysis has been done by RRDO in close consultation and participation of UNHCR Technical Unit and Supply Units on goods and services procured.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS.

In spite of the challenges encountered on activity implementation delays in the 1st quarter, measures have been put into place to ensure that all activities are completed within the year.

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8.0 ACTUAL PROGRESS ACHIEVED TOWARDS PLANNED RESULTS

Results Chain				
Population Planning Group:	Mainly Somali refugees and Asylum Seekers			
Goal:	Protection Pending Solutions			
Rights Group:	Community Empowerment and Self Reliance			
Objective Name	Objective 512 Use of natural resources and shared environment needs constant attention.			
Problem Description:	Environmental degradation is widespread due to need for domestic fuel at the household levels			
Intended Impact:	50 ha of degraded land restored through tree planting and environmental protection within the refugee camps			
Actual Impact:	22.5ha of degraded land restored through tree planting and environmental protection			
Q				
Impact Indicator description	Site/Location	Actual		
Extent the degraded land is rehabilitated in ha	Dadaab, Dagahaley and Ifo	22.5		

Output	Status Update on Progress Achieved			
Forest Protection/development undertaken(512AE)	<Brief status update on the implementation of activities specific to the output>.			
Performance Indicator(s)	Site/Location	Performance Target	Actual progress	

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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintain 3 tree nurseries in Dadaab, Ifo and Dagahaley camps with an annual production capacity of 150,000 seedlings. 	<i>Dadaab, Ifo, Dagahaley</i>	<i>150,000</i>	<i>68,000</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Distribute 100,000 seedlings to refugee and host community households, institutions and agency compounds. 	Dadaab, Ifo, Dagahaley	100,000	46,690
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintain monthly seedlings distribution and survival data in all tree nurseries. 	Dadaab, Ifo, Ifo2, Dagahaley	11	5
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deploy 18 incentive workers/ attendants/guards for production and distribution of seedlings. 	Dadaab, Ifo, Ifo2, Dagahaley	18	18
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deploy 3 active RUMs for conservation of green zones, environmental education and data collection. 	Ifo, Ifo2, Dagahaley	3	3
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct 6 Location Environmental Committee Meetings to share and plan on environmental protection issues. 	Ifo, Dagahaley, Dadaab	6	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coordinate the commemoration of World Environment Day activities. 	Ifo, Dagahaley, Dadaab	1	1
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct 3 DEC meetings at Dadaab 	Ifo, Ifo2, Dagahaley, Dadaab	3	0
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintain the 20 ha of green belt in Ifo2 	Ifo2	20	20

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Objective 417: Population has sufficient access to energy

Objective Name:	Objective 417: Population has sufficient access to energy			
Problem Description:	There is high overdependence on firewood as a source of cooking fuel			
Intended Impact:	Reduced incidences of sexual and gender based violence in the camps			
Actual Impact:	15,000 HH have access to energy sources(Firewood)			
Impact Indicator:				
Impact Indicator Name	Site/Location		Actual	
% of households with access to sustainable energy	Ifo, Dagahaley	15,000		

Output	Status Update on Progress Achieved			
Domestic fuels provided(417AD)	<Brief status update on the implementation of activities specific to the output>.			
Performance Indicator(s)	Site/Location	Performance Target	Actual progress	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Procure 1,950 metric tonnes of firewood Organize contracts for gatherers of firewood from designated sites in Dadaab District to procure 1,950 MT of firewood. Organize contracts for transportation of the firewood from harvesting sites to the Dagahaley and Ifo firewood storage & distribution centres. Distribute 1,700MT of firewood to 15,000 targeted households 	Ifo1, Dagahaley Dadaab	1,950 78	1,225 78	
	Dadaab	78	78	
	Ifo, Dagahaley	1,700	305.4	

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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 250 MT will be reserved for schools, hospitals and persons with special needs (save havens). Fabricate and Distribute 5815 energy saving stoves in Dagahaley, IFO1, IFO2, Hagadera and Dadaab host community. 	Ifo, Ifo2, Dagahaley	250	96.55
	Ifo2, Dagahaley, Ifo	5,815	1,200

Objective 511: Peaceful coexistence with local communities promoted

Objective Name:	Objective 511: Peaceful coexistence with local communities promoted		
Problem Description:	Co-existence with local communities needs regular reinforcement		
Intended Impact:	Host community lack access to key services		
Actual Impact:	Objective 511: Peaceful co-existence with local communities promoted		
Impact Indicator:			
Impact Indicator Name	Site/Location		Actual
1. No of peaceful coexistence projects implemented	Dadaab		10

Output	Status Update on Progress Achieved		
<Same as specified in this field from Project Description (Annex A)>	<Brief status update on the implementation of activities specific to the output>.		
Performance Indicator(s)	Site/Location	Performance Target	Actual progress
<Same as specified in this field from Project Description (Annex A)>	<As (if) specified in Project Description (Annex A)>	<As specified in Project Description (Annex A)>	<Insert value of output achieved. Text is

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Description (Annex A)>	Description Annex A)>	(Annex A)>.	not permitted in this field>
	<i>Dadaab</i>	2	0
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construct 2 No classrooms at Kamuthe Primary School 	<i>Dadaab</i>	16	0
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Renovation of Dormitory to 16 teachers accommodation rooms at Dadaab Secondary School 	<i>Dadaab</i>	1	0
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Renovate principals wing at Dadaab Secondary School 	<i>Dadaab</i>	2	0
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construct 2 stance pit latrines/shower blocks at Dadaab Secondary School 	<i>Dadaab</i>	60	0
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construct 60 latrines in various villages (Labisigale-20 and Alango-40) 	Dadaab	1	0
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construct 1 elevated water tank at Kamuthe Primary School 	Dadaab	2	0
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construct two classrooms at Bulla Nyanya Primary School 	Dadaab	1	0
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construct Science Laboratory at Haji Idriss Secondary Sch. 	Dadaab	1	0
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construct and equip one classroom at Labisigale Village 	Dadaab	1	1

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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construct 1 unit 4 stance pit latrines at Kuhumuhato Primary school Repair 2 classrooms roof tops at Kuhumuhato Primary school Repair the main gate, of Kuhumuhato Primary school Repair Admin block, Store and Dining hall at Kuhumuhato Primary school 	Dadaab	2	0
	DadaaDadaab	2	
	Dadaab	1	1
	Dadaab	3	3

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